



THE OBESITY AND
METABOLISM INSTITUTE

Do GLP-1 RA-based Therapies Make Post-Surgical Lifestyle Interventions Obsolete?

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Disclosures

I am currently or have recently been a consultant to the following companies and organizations:

Altimune	Novo Nordisk
Amgen	Oxford Medical Products
AstraZeneca	Perspectum
BaseCure Therapeutics	Pfizer
Boehringer Ingelheim	Protagonist Therapeutics
Dexcel Pharma	Roche / Genentech
Helicore	Skye Bioscience
Johnson & Johnson	SparkSeven Bio
Kallyope	State 4 Therapeutics
Eli Lilly & Company	Structure Therapeutics
MetaVia	The Last Food Fight
Neurogastrx	Wave Life Sciences

What is obesity?

Obesity is a complex, chronic, heterogeneous, metabolic disease
with numerous pathophysiological, physical, nutritional, psychological,
social and economic complications

Among its many complications, **obesity itself** can have an adverse effect on:

- Nutritional health
- Mental health
- Physical functioning

Treatment of obesity and its medical complications can have additional adverse effects on:

- Nutritional health
- Mental health
- Physical functioning

The future of obesity care

- **If obesity is truly a disease** (which it is), effective care needs to be available for all who seek it, just like for other diseases
 - **Access to care** needs to be **equitable**
- Given the high prevalence of obesity, however, its treatment needs to be **far more efficient, far less costly, and much easier to deliver** (for both the patient and the provider)
- Achieving these goals will require:
 - **less duplication of care**
 - **better definition of the goals of care, and**
 - **better differentiation of the roles of each clinician participating in the care**

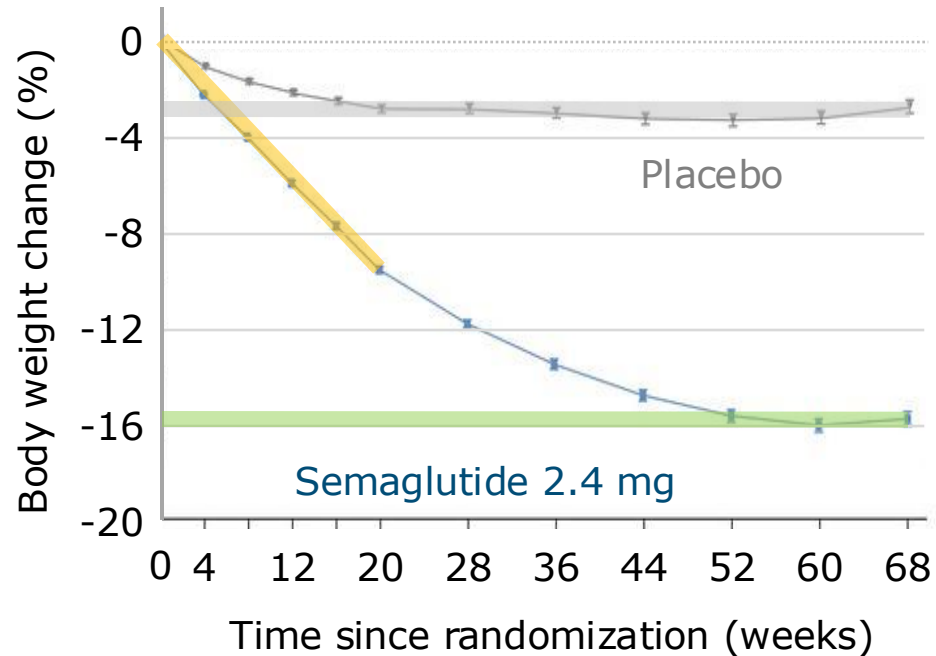
A model for care

- We don't need to reinvent the wheel – an effective model for care of patients with complex disease already exists – **for cancer**
 - It is **well-organized** and **efficient**
 - It is **multidisciplinary**
 - It provides **personalized care**
 - It is **well-regarded by both patients and clinicians**
- **All necessary tools, skills and services are available** to each patient as needed, but **not all patients require each of the available services**
- Each member of the care team has a **distinct and well-defined role**
 - Some members of the team **treat the cancer**
 - Other, **equally important members of the team**, allow the patient to **benefit most from the cancer treatment**

Lifestyle-based interventions in the setting of modern obesity treatment

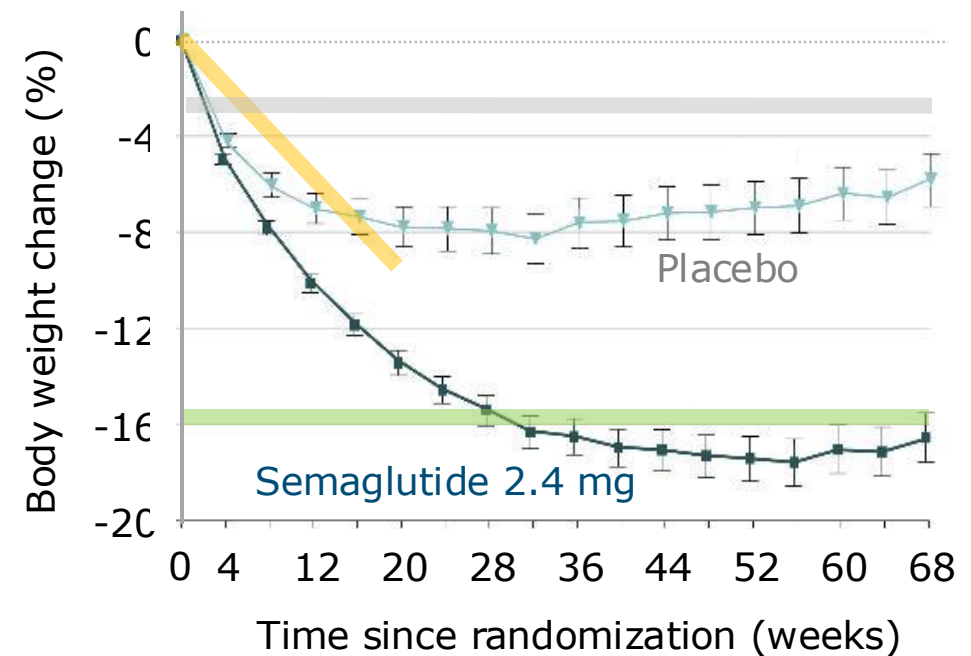
STEP 1 Trial

Subjects without Diabetes



STEP 3 Trial

Subjects without Diabetes
Intensive Behavioral Therapy



So ...

Do GLP-1 RA-based therapies make post-surgical lifestyle interventions obsolete?

- “**Obsolete**” is a very strong term – I would prefer to ask whether these medications make lifestyle interventions **less useful**
 - And I would ask “**less useful for what purpose?**”
- If one means to ask, “**are they less useful for ensuring the overall physical, mental and nutritional health of the patient?**” I would have to give a resounding “**NO**”
 - With ever more powerful and effective obesity therapies from a combination of surgery and pharmacological interventions, lifestyle-based interventions have a **key role** in **allowing each patient to obtain the maximal benefit and minimal harm from treating the obesity** (just as with cancer treatment)

Do GLP-1 RA-based therapies make post-surgical lifestyle interventions obsolete?

- However, if one means to ask, “**are they less useful** for enhancing weight loss, maintaining lost weight, or reversing weight regain?” I would argue “**YES**”
 - The **true effectiveness** of lifestyle-based therapies **to treat obesity and its complications by inducing substantial long-term weight loss** has been far less than assumed, perceived – or needed
 - The true effectiveness of lifestyle-based therapies has been in two areas:
 - **Promoting health and well-being independent of the obesity** (e.g., decreasing the risk of diabetes, heart disease, and cancer with or without effective obesity management)
 - **Facilitating each patient’s ability to seek, receive, tolerate, respond and benefit from** truly effective obesity treatments
 - For this purpose, patients with obesity need **strong support for their mental, physical and nutritional health** (just as with cancer)

Perhaps another, even more important question ...

Are the professionals who provide lifestyle-based therapies now obsolete?

- This is a different question, for which my answer is also a resounding “**NO**”
- **Our patients still need lifestyle-based therapies and the professionals to deliver them**
- But the **goals** of those therapies need to change, from a focus on weight loss and maintenance to a focus on **supporting patients’ nutritional, psychological and physical needs**
- Making this change will require **redesigning the education, training, and job description** of professionals who provide lifestyle-based interventions **in the setting of obesity management**
- Given the greater effectiveness of current and emerging therapies for the obesity itself, **redefining the use of lifestyle-based interventions** will make these therapies even more valuable, providing:
 - **greater clinical benefit to patients**
 - **greater success and job satisfaction for clinicians providing lifestyle-based care, and**
 - **greater overall value to the clinical care team**



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