



"Duodenal Dissection and DI in SADI-S and DS: Tips and Tricks"

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Disclosures

Lectures & Consultant for

Johnson & Johnson

Medtronic

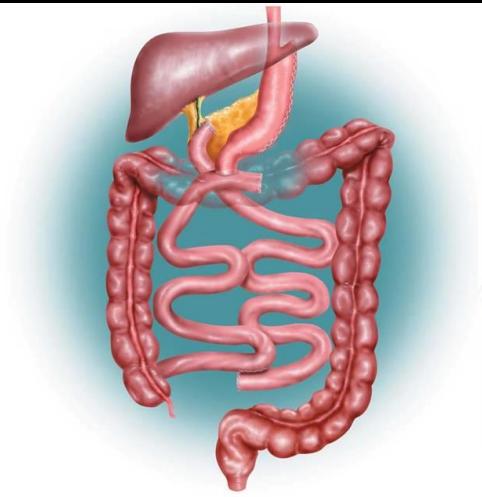
GT Metabolic

Meril

Gore Medical

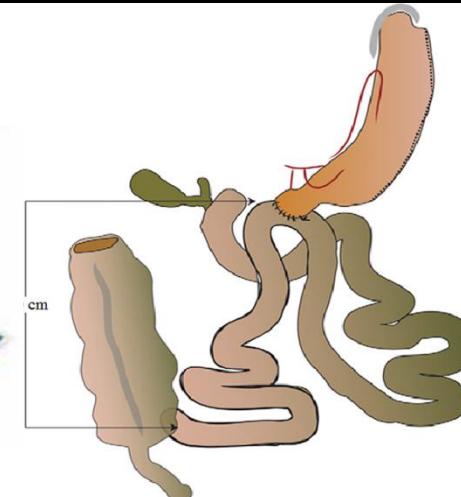


CLASSIC -DS



SADIS-OADS

VS



“ Switch to the Switch”

**Modern Surgery: Technical Innovation****"Right-Angled" Stapled Latero-lateral Duodeno-jejunal Anastomosis in the Duodenal Switch**

Andrés Sánchez-Pernaute, MD, PhD; Elia Pérez-Agüero, MD, PhD; Luis Díez-Valladares, MD, PhD; Alvaro Robin, MD; Pablo Tardío, MD, PhD; Miguel Angel Rubio, MD, PhD; Antonio Torres García, MD, PhD, FRCR

Our Duodenal Switch (2000 - 2007)

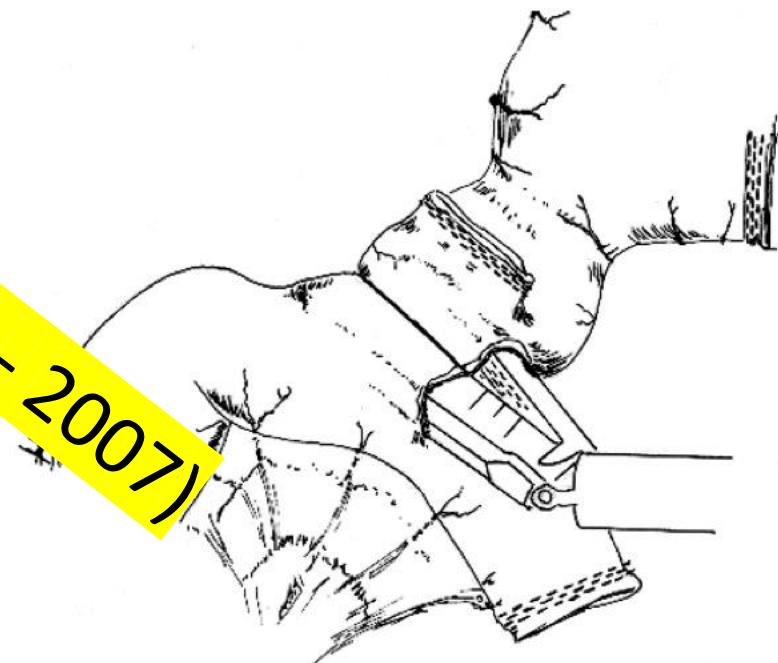
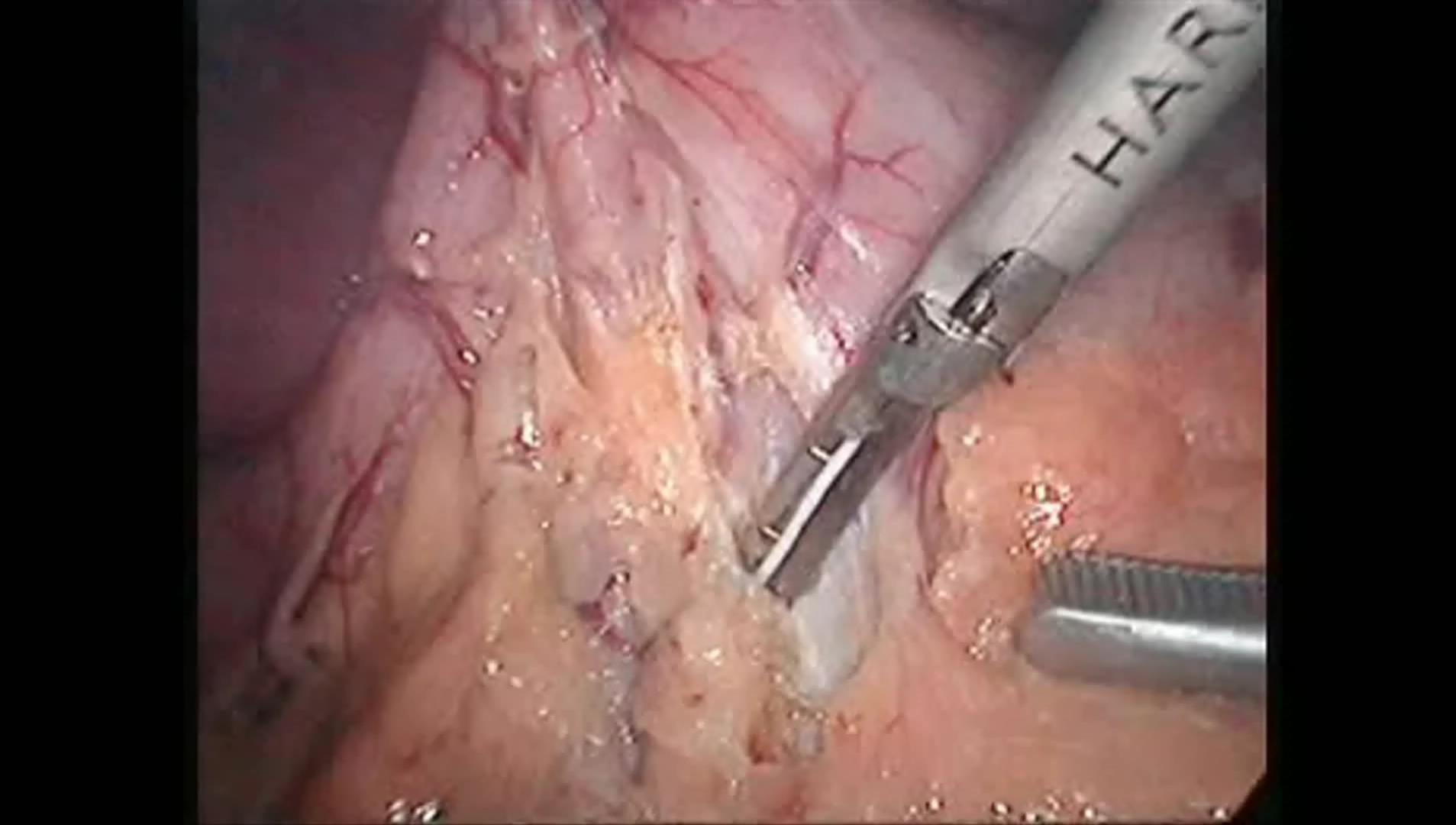
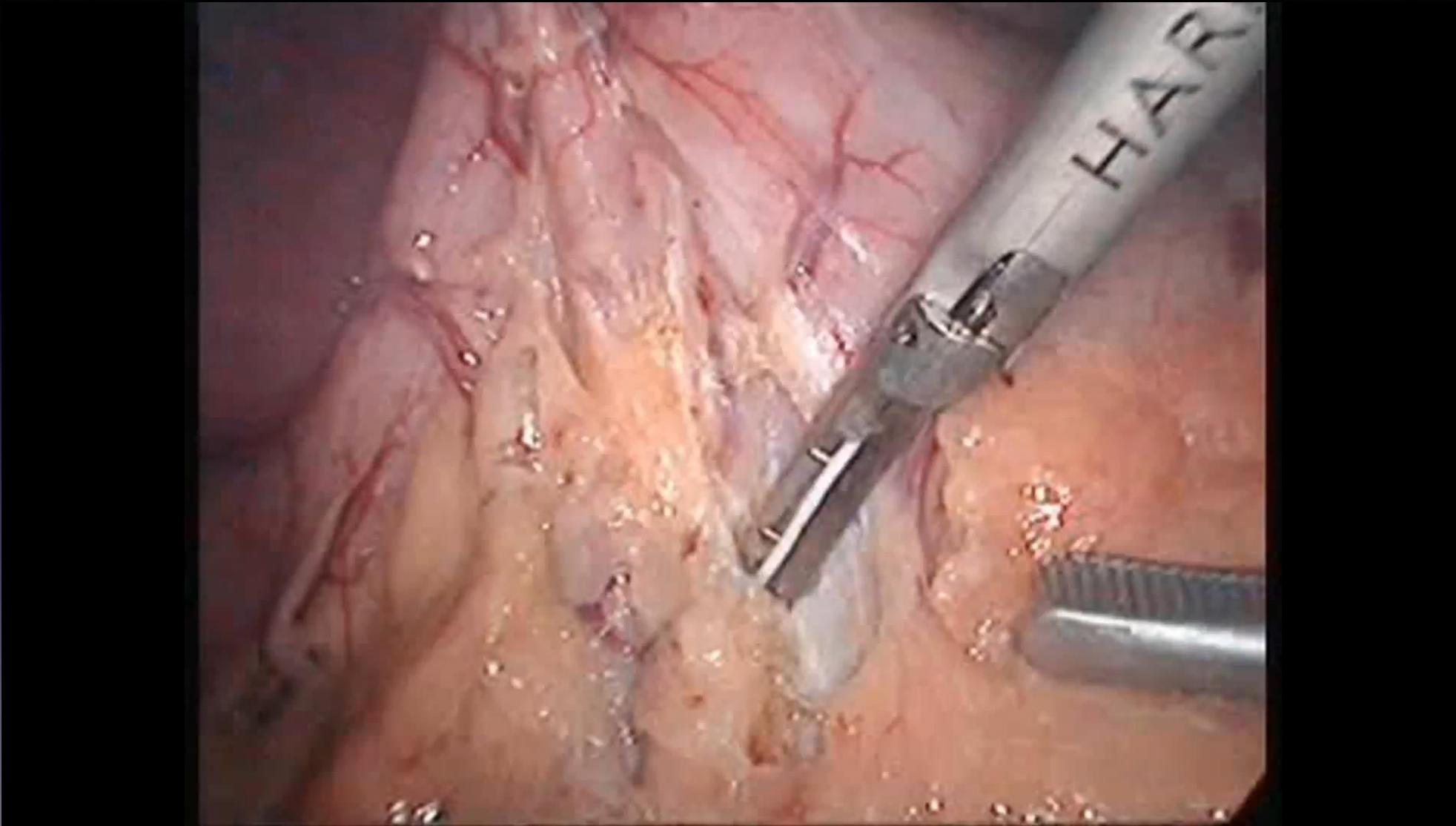


Figure 1. The ascended jejunal loop has been placed at right angles under the proximal duodenal stump. A hole has been performed in the duodenum and in the jejunum, and the linear stapler has been introduced to perform the latero-lateral anastomosis.

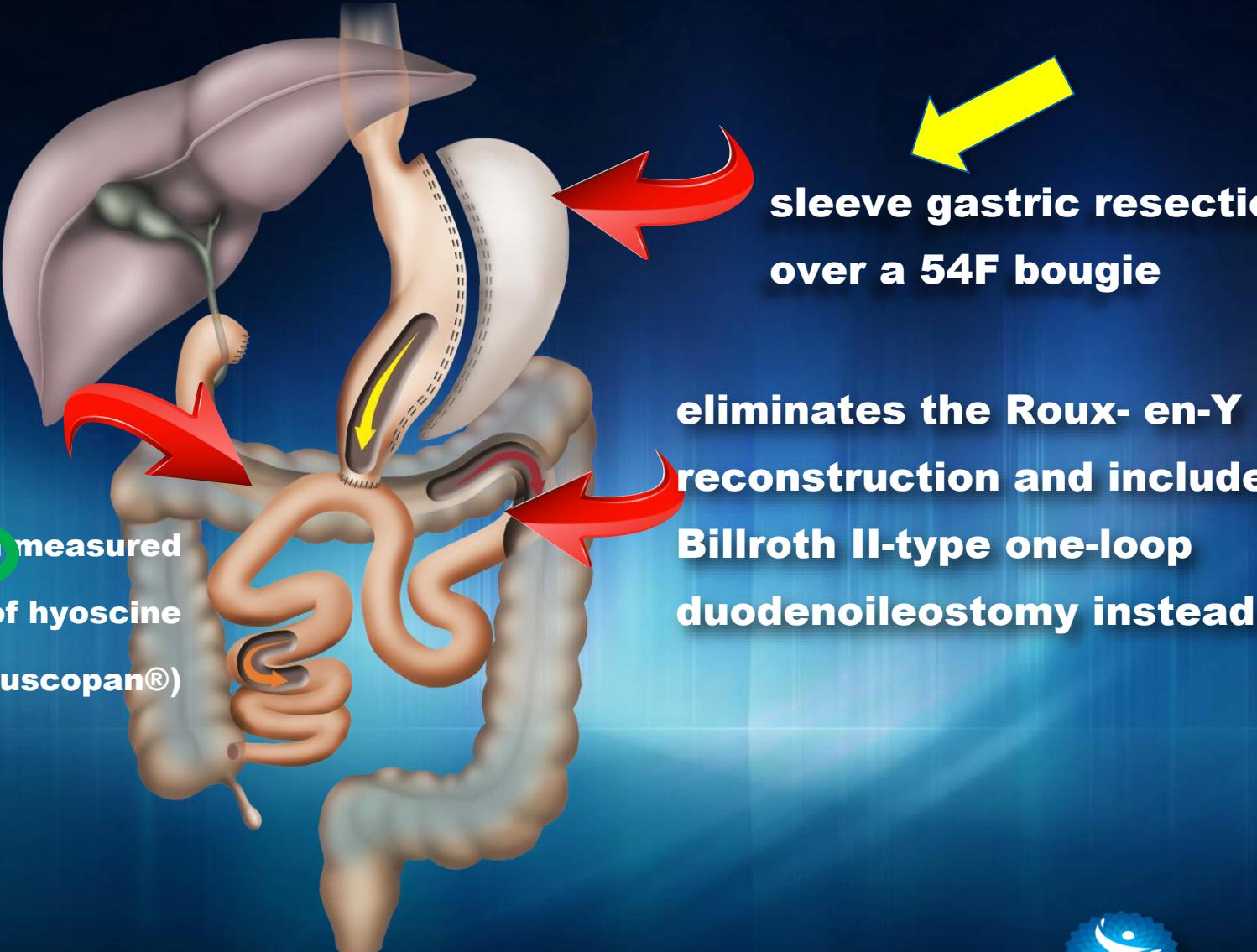
ROUX-en-Y DUODENAL SWITCH



ROUX-en-Y DUODENAL SWITCH



SADI-S



the ileocolic junction is identified and 250 cm measured proximally (formerly 200 cm), after infusion of hyoscine butylbromide (Buscopan®)

sleeve gastric resection over a 54F bougie

eliminates the Roux- en-Y reconstruction and includes Billroth II-type one-loop duodenoileostomy instead



CAETANO
MARCHESINI

Proximal Duodenal–Ileal End-to-Side Bypass with Sleeve Gastrectomy: Proposed Technique

Andrés Sánchez-Pernaute · Miguel Angel Rubio Herrera ·
Elia Pérez-Aguirre · Juan Carlos García Pérez ·
Lucio Cabrerizo · Luis Díez Valladares · Cristina Fernández ·
Pablo Talavera · Antonio Torres



OBES SURG (2007) 17:1614–1618

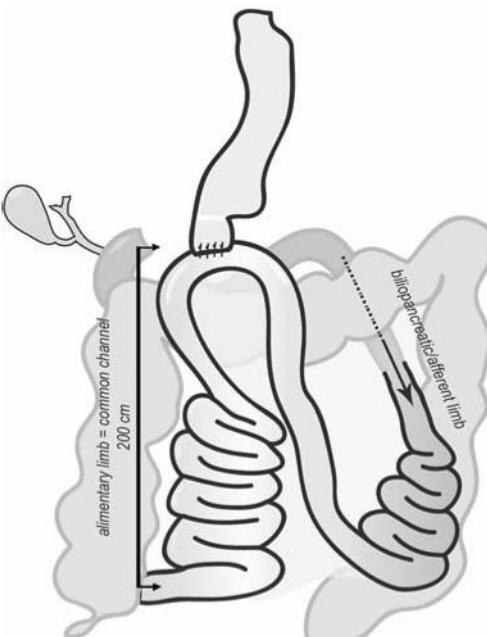
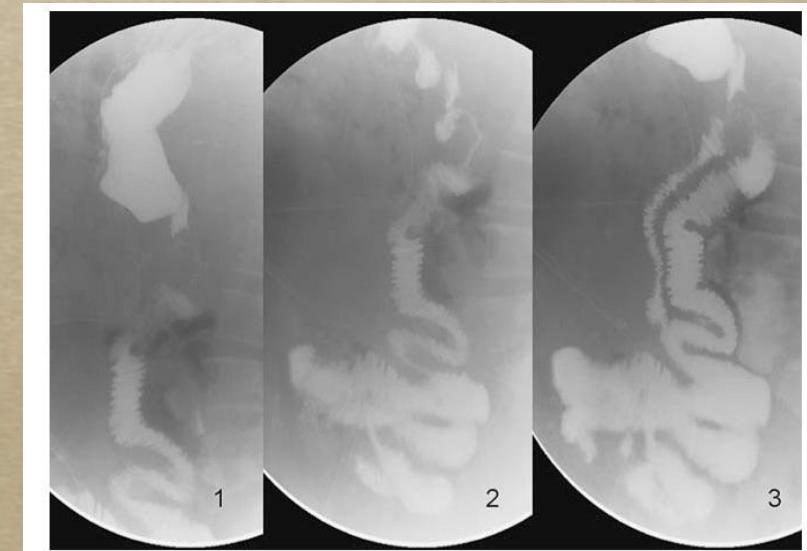
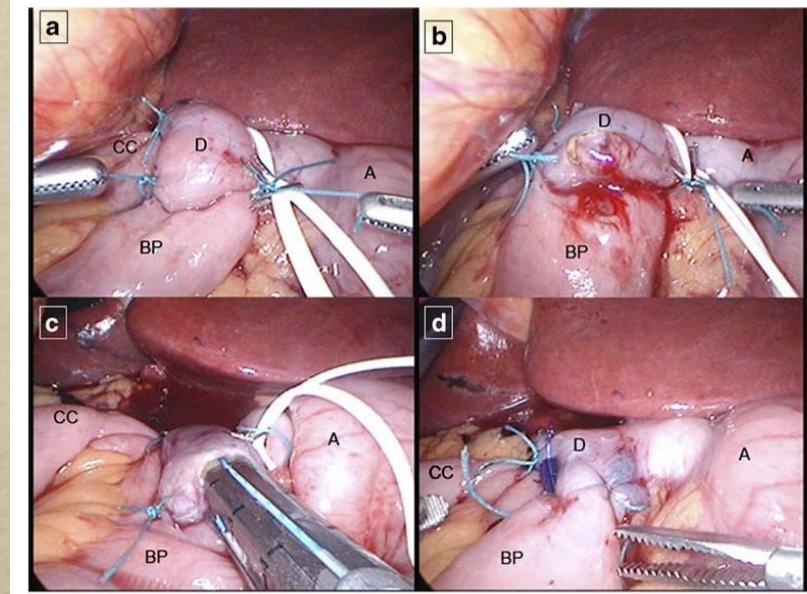
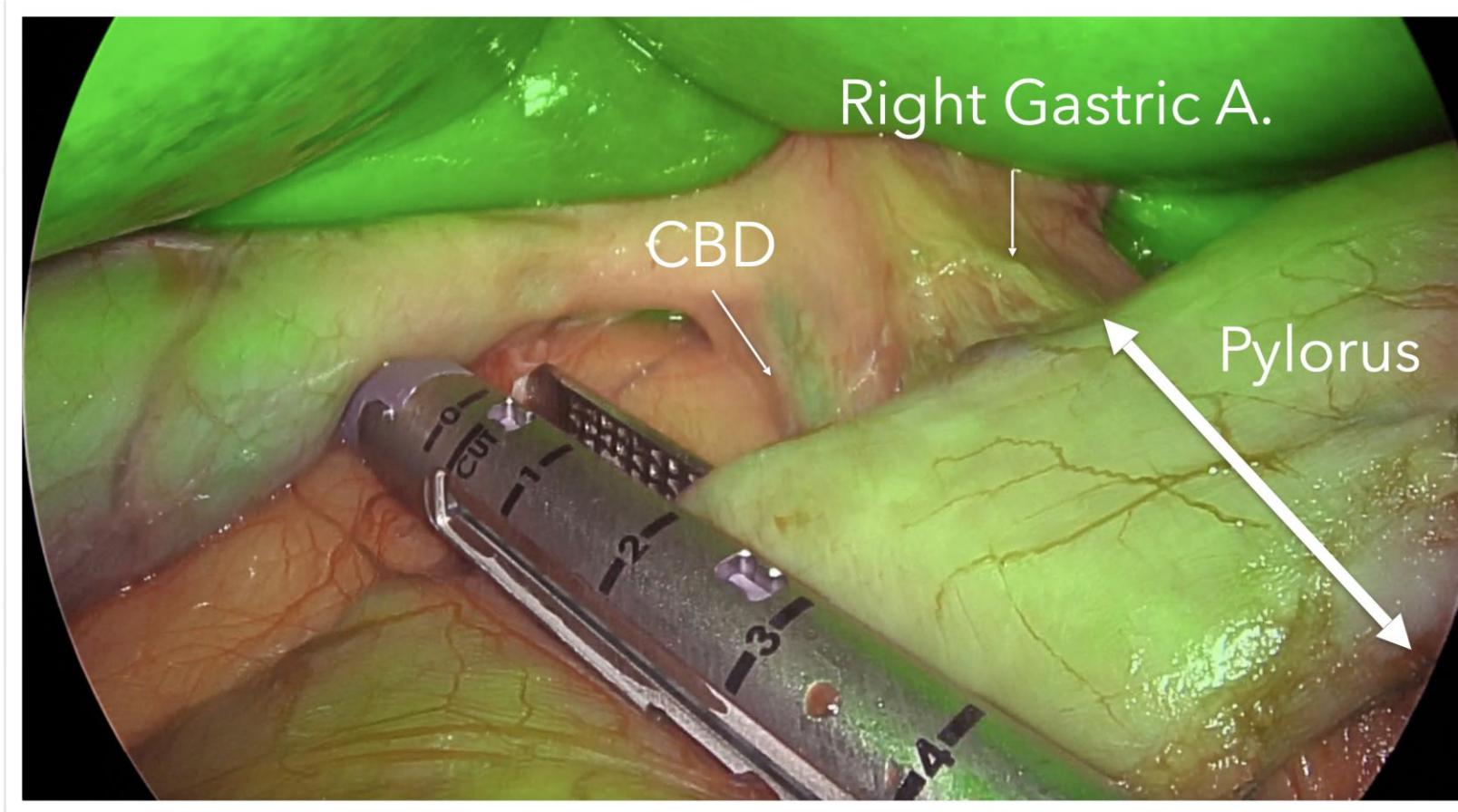


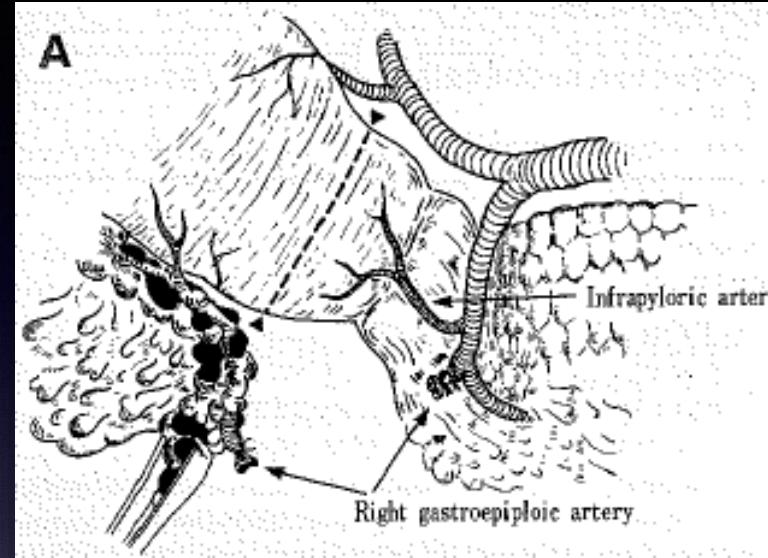
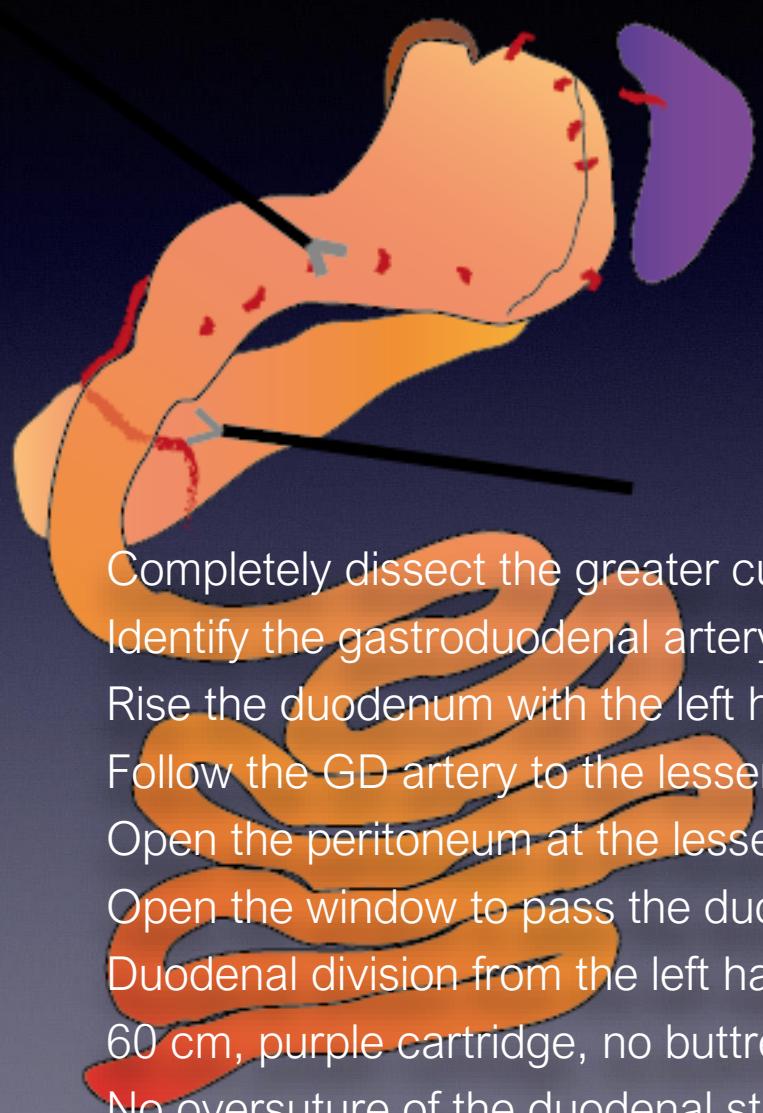
Fig. 1 The proposed technique consists on a sleeve gastrectomy followed by a loop duodeno-ileal anastomosis with a 200-cm efferent limb



With a normal pylorus, and absence of tension, one loop is enough



Duodenal Dissection & Duodenal Division



Completely dissect the greater curvature

Identify the gastroduodenal artery

Rise the duodenum with the left hand in right angles with the pancreas

Follow the GD artery to the lesser curvature

Open the peritoneum at the lesser curvature of the duodenum

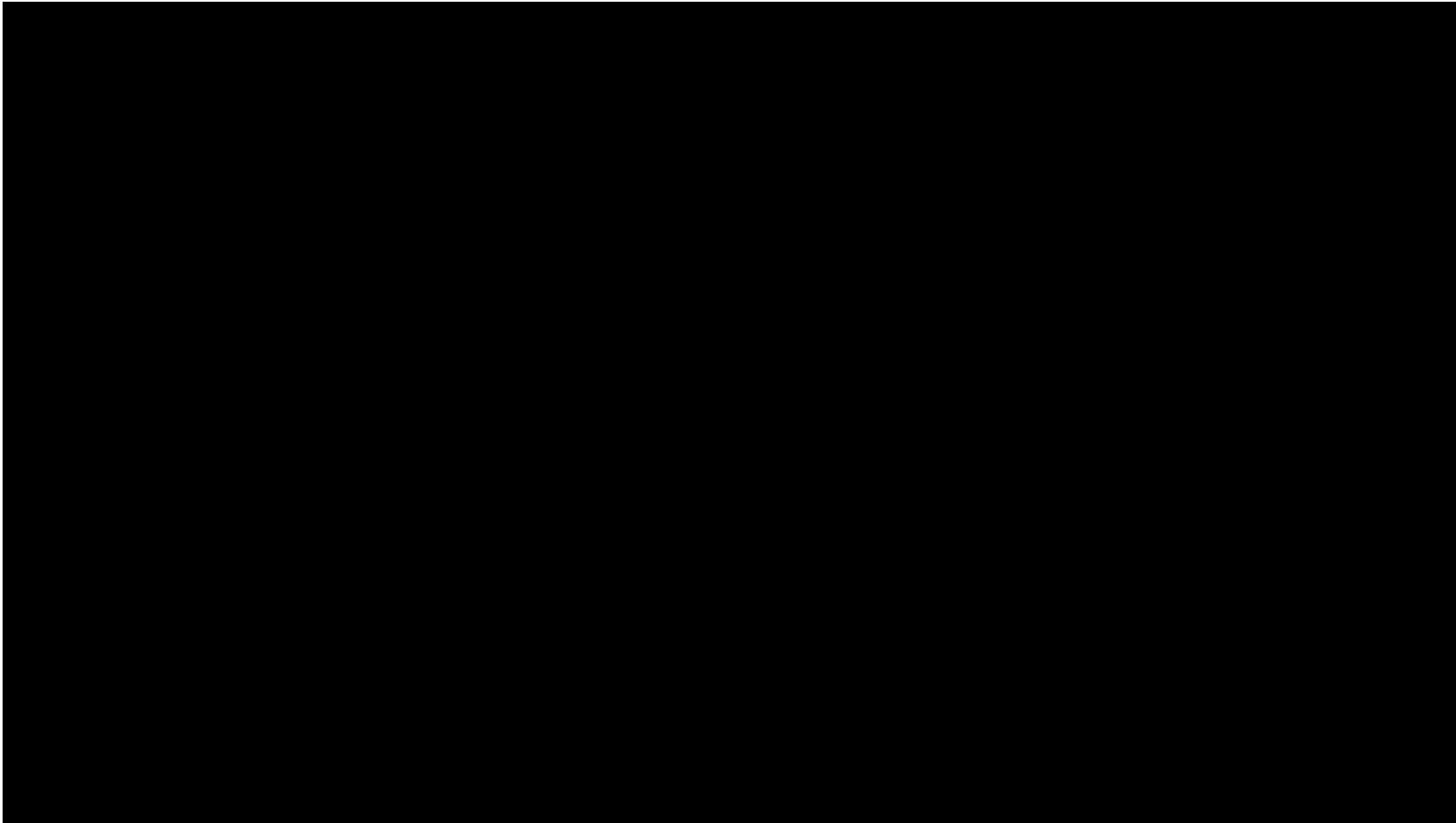
Open the window to pass the duodenum from behind

Duodenal division from the left hand-side of the patient

60 cm, purple cartridge, no buttress

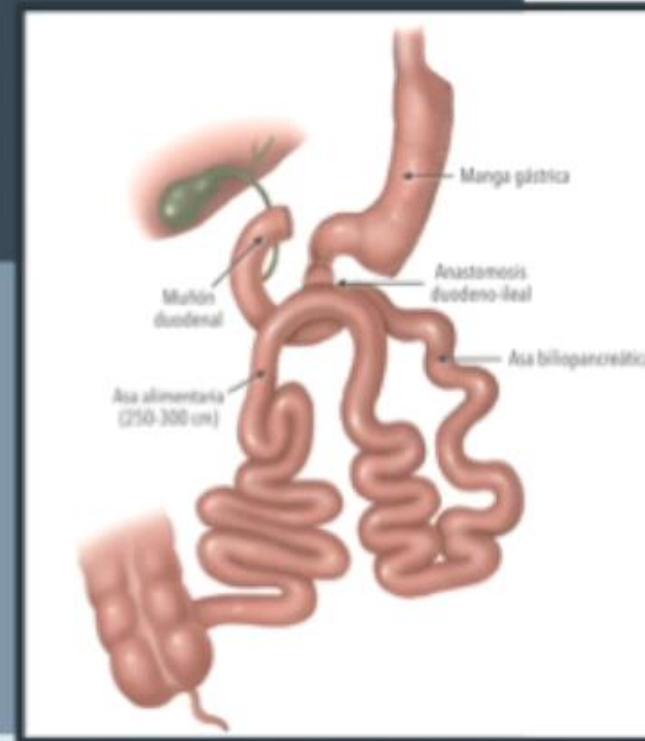
No oversuture of the duodenal stump

SADIS: Duodenal Dissection and DI Anastomosis



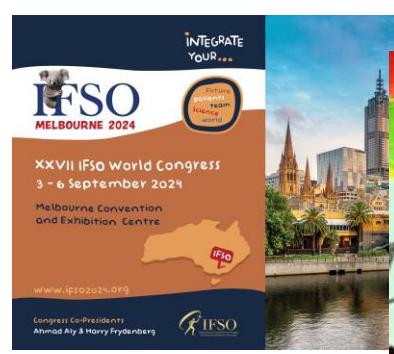
SADI-S 250 HANDSEWN VS MECHANICAL ANASTOMOSIS

Technical issues



SADI-S

UPDATED SURGICAL STRATEGIES



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Ti**



DS:

XXVII IFSC

